आयुक्त का कार्यालय

Office of the Commissioner

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी, अहमदाबाद-380015

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By SPEED POST

DIN:- 20231064SW0000222CA3

DIN:- 202310648W0000222CA3					
(क)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/931/2023-APPEAL/GHA9 - &3			
(ख)	अपील आदेश संख्या और दिनांक / Order-In-Appeal No. and Date	AHM-EXCUS-003-APP-101/2023-24 and 25.09.2023			
(ग)	पारित किया गया / Passed By	श्री शिव प्रताप सिंह, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Shiv Pratap Singh, Commissioner (Appeals)			
(ঘ)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of issue	04.10.2023			
(ङ)	Arising out of Order-In-Original No. 66/AC/DEM/ST/Swami Buildcon/2021-22 date 14.03.2022 passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division-Mehsana Gandhinagar Commissionerate.				
(च)	अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant	M/s Swami Buildcon, 1, Shree Hari Complex, Near Near Railway Crossing, Unjha, Mehsana, Gujarat-384170.			

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए:-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid: -

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार मे हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलें में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।

In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के वाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो डयूटी केडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनाँक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम होतों रूपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपीलः-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गतः-Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-
- (2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में वताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलों के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2nd माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2^{nd} floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registar of a branch of any morninate public

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sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संघोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) शीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्ययांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Pinance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशिय;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा ' लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना मेंए अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

अपीलिय आदेश / ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The present appeal has been filed by M/s Swami Buildcon, 1 Shree Hari Complex, Near Railway Crossing, Unjha, Mehsana, Gujarat-384170 (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Order in Original No. 66/AC/DEM/ST/Swami Buildcon/2021-22 dated 14.03.2022 [hereinafter referred to as "impugned order"] passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Division-Mehsana, Commissionerate: Gandhinagar [hereinafter referred to as "adjudicating authority"].

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant were registered under Service Tax registration No.ASSPP7834MSD001 and were engaged in providing taxable services. As per the information received from the Income Tax department discrepancies were observed in the total income declared by the appellant in their Income Tax Return (ITR) when compared with Service Tax Returns (ST-3) filed by them for the period F.Y. 2015-16 & F.Y. 2016-17. In order to verify the said discrepancies letters dated 04.05.2020, 12.06.2020 and 01.07.2020 were issued to the appellant calling for the details of services provided during the period F.Y. 2015-16 & F.Y. 2016-17. They submitted reply dated 18.07.2020. From the documents submitted by the appellant the jurisdictional officers observed that the Income declared in their ITR-5 was more than the Value of Services declared in their ST-3 Returns resulting into the short payment of service tax for the relevant period.

Table-A

(Amount in Rs)

Sr. No	Details	F. Y. 2015-16	F. Y. 2016-17
1	Taxable Value as per Income Tax Data	79,34,723/-	58,67,774/-
2	Taxable Value declared in ST-3 return	52,74,867/-	53,00,041/-
3	Difference of value	26,59,856/-	5,64,733/-
4	Amount of Service Tax along with Cess (@14 % including Cess) not paid / short paid	3,85,679/-	85,160/-
	Total	4,70,839/-	

3. Show Cause Notice F. No. V.ST/11A-252/Swami Buildcon/2020-21 dated 07.09.2020 (in short 'SCN') was issued to the appellant wherein it was proposed to:

- > Demand and recover service tax amounting to Rs. 4,70,839/- under the proviso to Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994 alongwith Interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994;
- > Impose penalty under Section 77(2), 77C, 78, 70 of the Finance Act, 1994;
- 4. The SCN was adjudicated vide the impugned order wherein the demand for Rs. 1,31,497/- leviable on differential taxable value of Rs. 9,06,874/- was confirmed under Section 73 (2) of the Finance Act, 1994 alongwith interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act. 1994. Penalty amounting to Rs. 1,31,497/- was imposed under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994 alongwith option for reduced penalty under proviso to clause (ii). Penalty of Rs. 10,000/- was imposed under Section 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994.
- 5. Being aggrieved with the impugned order, the appellant have filed the present appeal alongwith application for condonation of delay on following grounds:
 - ➤ The appellant is an Individual engaged in providing taxable service viz. "Business Auxiliary Service" (BAS) & "Construction service other than residential complex, including commercial, industrial or civil structure" and has obtained Service tax Registration No. ASSPP7834MSD001 on 25/10/2015 and the appellant is a tax compliant person, in the sense that he regularly, submits his returns within the due date to the government, and also make timely payment of the income tax as well as service tax.
 - > They further stated that the impugned Order passed by the adjudicating authority is against the well-defined provisions of the law and hence, the same is bad and illegal. The adjudicating authority has erred in law, by not following the principles of natural justice, before passing the order against the appellant. It is a well settle law that any order passed by any authority, without following the principles of natural justice, is clearly void and illegal.
 - The appellant made their representation before the adjudicating authority and submitted reply against the said SCN and attended the personal Hearing. The appellant furnished the additional submission including all the points and all the justifications and explanation necessary to prove that the demand raised by the Asst. Commissioner is not valid.

- The adjudicating authority has not satisfactorily given proper reasons for invoking the extended period of limitation by merely alleging the suppression and willful evasion of tax by the appellant. In fact, the adjudicating authority has passed the impugned order based on the information shared by the income tax department, which suggests that it is the appellant himself who has correctly disclosed all the material facts and paid correct taxes, based on which such information is shared by the income tax department. They requested to set aside the impugned order.
- 6. Personal Hearing in the case was held on 08.09.2023. Shri Utkarsh Desai, Chartered Accountant, appeared on behalf of the appellant for the hearing. He reiterated the submissions made in the appeal memorandum. He also submitted that there has been a delay in filing of appeal by 285 days due to the consultant to whom the appellant had given documents did not return the same. In this regard, he referred to certain judgements and case law, and requested to condone the delay, especially since the case merely relates to non-registration or delay in taking the registration. Accordingly, he requested to set aside the impugned order.
- 7. I have gone through the facts of the case, submissions made in the Appeal Memorandum, oral submissions made during personal hearing and materials available on record. It is observed from the records that the present appeal was filed by the appellant on 27.02.2023 against the impugned order passed dated 14.03.2022, reportedly received by the appellant on 14.03.2022. It is observed that the Appeals preferred before the Commissioner (Appeals) are governed by the provisions of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994. The relevant portion of the said section is reproduced below:

"(3A) An appeal shall be presented within two months from the date of receipt of the decision or order of such adjudicating authority, made on and after the Finance Bill, 2012 received the assent of the President, relating to service tax, interest or penalty under this Chapter:

Provided that the Commissioner of Central Excise (Appeals) may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of two months, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month."

7.1 In terms of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) is to be filed within a period of two amonths from the

receipt of the order being appealed. Further, the proviso to Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994 allows the Commissioner (Appeals) to condone delay and allow a further period of one month, beyond the two month allowed for filing of appeal in terms of Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994.

- 8. In the instant case, the impugned order dated 14.03.2022 admittedly received by the appellant on 14.03.2022. Therefore, the period of two months for filing the appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) ended on 13.05.2022. The further period of one month, which the Commissioner (Appeals) is empowered to condone for filing appeal ended on 12.06.2022. The present appeal filed by the appellant on 27.02.2023 is, therefore, filed beyond the Condonable period of one month as prescribed in terms of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994 and is time barred.
- 8.1 My above view also finds support from the judgment of the Hon'ble Tribunal, Ahmedabad in the case of Zenith Rubber Pvt. Ltd. Vs. Commissioner of Central Excise and Service Tax, Ahmedabad 2014 (12) TMI 1215 CESTAT, Ahmedabad. In the said case, the Hon'ble Tribunal had held that:
 - "5. It is clear from the above provisions of Section 85(3A) of the Finance Act, 1994 that Commissioner (Appeals) is empowered to condone the delay for a further period of one month. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Singh Enterprises (supra) held that Commissioner (Appeals) has no power to condone the delay beyond the prescribed period. In our considered view, Commissioner (Appeals) rightly rejected the appeal following the statutory provisions of the Act. So, we do not find any reasons to interfere in the impugned order. Accordingly, we reject the appeal filed by the appellant."
- 9. In view of the above discussions and following the judgment of the Hon'ble Tribunal, supra, I do not find this a fit case for exercising the powers conferred vide Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994. Therefore, I reject the appeal filed by the appellant on grounds of limitation.
- 10. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है। The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed off in above terms.

क्षांक्रमार्थ डांग्या South Th Chaudmary अधींक्षक/SUPERINTENDENT केन्द्रीय वस्तु एवं सेवाकर (अगील), अहमबाहाब, CENTRAL (ST(APPEALS), AMMEDABAD, Page 7 of 7

(SHIV PRATAP SINGH)
Commissioner (Appeals)

Dated: 25 Sept, 2023

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By REGD/SPEED POST A/D

To, M/s Swami Buildcon, 1 Shree Hari Complex, Near Railway Crossing, Unjha, Mehsana, Gujarat-384170.

Copy to:

- 1. The Principal Chief Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Ahmedabad.
- 2. The Principal Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Gandhinagar.
- 3. The Deputy /Asstt. Commissioner, Central GST, Division- Mehsana, Gandhinagar Commissionerate.
- 4. The Superintendent (Systems), CGST, Appeals, Ahmedabad, for publication of OIA on website.
- S. Guard file.
 - 6. PA File.